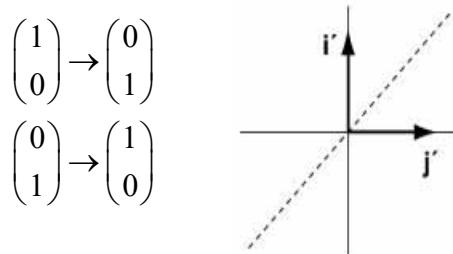


Exercise 6D

1 a $\mathbf{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Reflection in $y = x$

b $\mathbf{BA} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ Reflection in $y = x$

c $\mathbf{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ Enlargement scale factor -2 centre $(0, 0)$

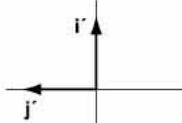
d $\mathbf{A}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ Identity (No transformation)

[This can be thought of as a rotation of $180^\circ + 180^\circ = 360^\circ$]

e $\mathbf{C}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

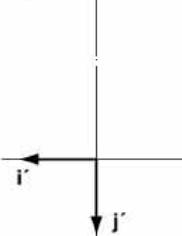
Enlargement scale factor 4 centre $(0, 0)$

2 a Rotation of 90° anticlockwise $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$



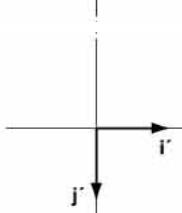
Rotation of 180° about $(0, 0)$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



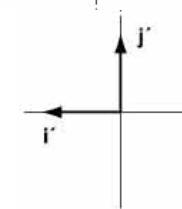
Reflection in x -axis

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



Reflection in y -axis

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



2 b i $BC = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (= D)$

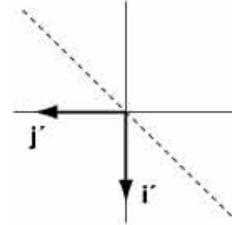
Reflection in y -axis

ii $CB = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (= D)$

Reflection in y -axis

iii $CD = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} (= B)$

Rotation of 180° about $(0, 0)$



iv $AD = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Reflection in line $y = -x$.

v $BB = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Rotation of 360° about $(0, 0)$ or Identity

vi $DAC = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} (= A)$

Rotation of 90° anticlockwise about $(0, 0)$

vii $CBD = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Identify – no transformation

3 a $\mathbf{RS} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Reflection in $y = x$ with a stretch by scale factor 3 parallel to the x -axis and by scale factor 2 parallel to the y -axis.

b $\mathbf{RT} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 & 0 \\ 0 & -10 \end{pmatrix}$

Stretch by scale factor 15 parallel to the x -axis and by scale factor -10 parallel to the y -axis

c $\mathbf{TS} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 \\ -5 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Enlargement by scale factor 5 about (0,0) and rotation through 270° anti-clockwise.

d $\mathbf{TR} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 & 0 \\ 0 & -10 \end{pmatrix}$

Stretch by scale factor 15 parallel to the x -axis and by scale factor -10 parallel to the y -axis.

e $\mathbf{ST} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 \\ -5 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Enlargement by scale factor 5 about (0,0) and rotation through 270° anti-clockwise.

f $\mathbf{RST} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 \\ -5 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 15 \\ 10 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Reflection in $y = x$ with a stretch by scale factor 15 parallel to the x -axis and by scale factor 10 parallel to the y -axis.

4 a $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

b i $\mathbf{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$

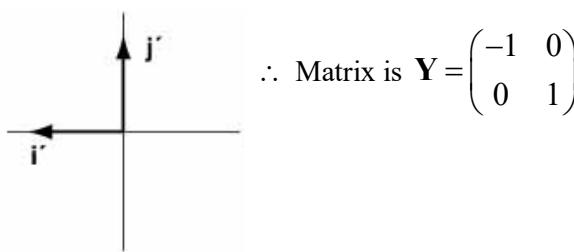
ii $\mathbf{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$

iii $\mathbf{CB} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -8 & 0 \\ 0 & -8 \end{pmatrix}$

iv $\mathbf{C}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix}$

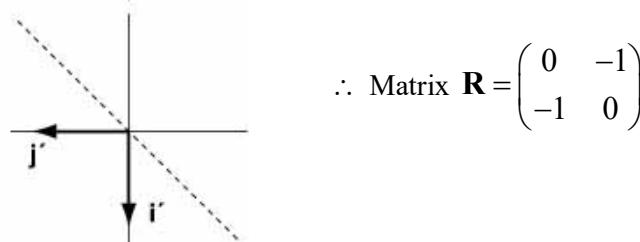
v $\mathbf{ABC} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -16 & 0 \\ 0 & -24 \end{pmatrix}$

5 Reflection in y -axis



$$\therefore \text{Matrix is } \mathbf{Y} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Reflection in $y = -x$

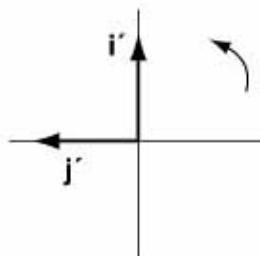


$$\therefore \text{Matrix } \mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{RY} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



i.e Rotation of 90° anticlockwise about $(0, 0)$.

$$\mathbf{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{U} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{UT} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{TU} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \neq \mathbf{UT}$$

$$\mathbf{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4k & 0 \\ 0 & 2k \end{pmatrix}$$

b Stretch by scale factor $-4k$ parallel to the x -axis and by scale factor $2k$ parallel to the y -axis.

$$\mathbf{QP} = \begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4k & 0 \\ 0 & 2k \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{PQ} \text{ (from part a)}$$

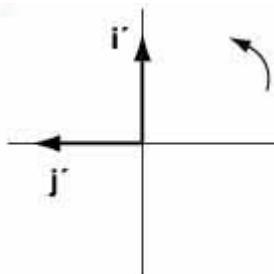
$$\mathbf{A}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix}$$

b Stretch by scale factor 9 parallel to the x -axis and by scale factor 16 parallel to the y -axis.

8 c $\mathbf{B}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a^2 & 0 \\ 0 & b^2 \end{pmatrix}$

Stretch by scale factor a^2 parallel to the x -axis and by scale factor b^2 parallel to the y -axis.

9 a $\mathbf{R}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

b

i.e. \mathbf{R}^2 represents rotation of 90° anticlockwise about $(0, 0)$

c \mathbf{R} represents a rotation of 45° anticlockwise about $(0, 0)$

d \mathbf{R}^8 will represent rotation of $8 \times 45^\circ = 360^\circ$

This is equivalent to no transformation

$$\therefore \mathbf{R}^8 = \mathbf{I} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

10 a $\det \mathbf{M} = \frac{9}{2} + \frac{9}{2} = 9$

$\Rightarrow k = -3$ since $k < 0$

b $\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow \theta = 45^\circ$

11 AB $= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 \\ -5 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$\det \mathbf{M} = 25$

\Rightarrow Area of $T = 75 \div 25 = 3$

12 a $\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$

12 b $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

c $\mathbf{TU} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$

13 a $\mathbf{A}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} k & \sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{3} & -k \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} k & \sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{3} & -k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k^2 + 3 & 0 \\ 0 & k^2 + 3 \end{pmatrix}$

b Enlargement centre (0,0) with scale factor $k^2 + 3$

14 $\mathbf{P}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & -a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & -a \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a^2 + b^2 & ab - ba \\ ab - ba & b^2 + a^2 \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} a^2 + b^2 & 0 \\ 0 & a^2 + b^2 \end{pmatrix}$

Enlargement centre (0,0) with scale factor $\mathbf{a}^2 + \mathbf{b}^2$

Challenge

a $\mathbf{P}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$
 $= \begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta & -2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta & \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \end{pmatrix}$

b Two successive anticlockwise rotations about the origin by an angle θ are equivalent to a single anticlockwise rotation by an angle 2θ .