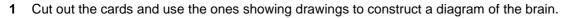
ciences





- 2 Stick the diagram cards down and add the labels for the front and back of the brain.
- 3 Match the other cards together to form labels.
- 4 Stick the label cards down and use lines to link the labels with their positions on the diagram.

			carries signals between the brain and the rest of the body
			contains two cerebral hemispheres
			controls your breathing rate
used for most senses, including vision	spinal cord	medulla oblongata	cerebellum
used for balance	cerebral cortex	used for consciousness and language	made of many nerves
front of brain controls your heart rate		used for memory and behaviour	back of brain

## SB2e.2

The brain – Strengthen

ASIFR

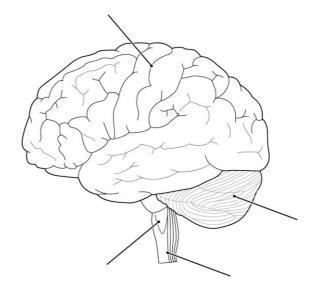
Name	Cla	SS	Date

- 1 The table below has some missing parts. The missing parts are given below. Write the letters of the parts into the correct positions in the table.
  - P spinal cord
  - Q controls breathing rate and heart rate
  - R used for most of our senses, language, memory, behaviour and consciousness
  - S central link between brain and spinal cord
  - T made of nerves
  - U controls balance, posture and fine muscle movements
  - V cerebellum
  - W two hemispheres

Part	Structure	Function
cerebral cortex	• • made mainly of <b>neurones</b>	•
	in two halves     made mainly of neurones	•
medulla oblongata	made mainly of neurones	•
	•	connects the brain to the rest of the nervous system

**S1** Draw a table to summarise the structures and function(s) of the major parts of the brain.

- 2 a Label the diagram of the brain below with the names of the parts in the first column of the table.
  - **b** Add labels to the diagram to show which is the front and which is the back of the brain.



Sciences (			Homework
lame	C	lass	Date
Complete these sentences us The body does and how you	is an	It is	s made of many cells called
	_ and is protected by bo	nes, which form the	
brair	neurones (	organ skull t	hink
Many scientists have had different different land of the strings in the brain.	I have cut open brains and found four chambers, each filled with liquid.	The brain is cold to the touch.	I can use nerves to complete electrical circuits – they conduct electricity!
The brain cools the body.	The brain controls the body using electricity.	The brain controls the body using liquids.	TOTAL CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF T
<ul> <li>Aristotle (384–322 BCE)</li> <li>a Draw lines between the hy</li> <li>b Which of the scientists' hy</li> </ul>	•		Van Leeuwenhoek (1673–1723) e hypotheses.
State what the <b>spinal cord</b> is	made of and its function	n. 	
a Draw lines to link parts of	the brain to the names.	Then link each part wit	h its function.
	Name	Functi	ion
	cerebellum	used fo	or most of our senses
	cerebral cortex	control heart r	ls breathing rate and ate
	medulla		

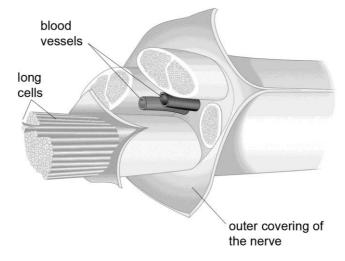
**b** What name is given to the two parts of the cerebral cortex?

oblongata

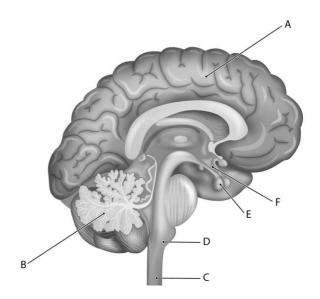
controls balance

## Sciences

- 1 a Describe the structure of the cerebral cortex.
  - **b** Describe the position of the cerebral cortex in the human brain.
  - **c** Use your answers to **a** and **b** to help you write a well-structured paragraph to describe the position, structure and function of the cerebral cortex in the human brain.
- 2 The diagram on the right shows a nerve. Describe the structure and function of nerves.



- 3 State the part of the brain or nervous system that has been affected in each of the following situations. Give a reason for each of your choices.
  - a After drinking too much alcohol, a man fell over as he tried to get up out of a chair.
  - **b** A person suffered a head injury and was no longer able to communicate verbally.
  - **c** After a horse-riding accident, a man was paralysed from the neck downwards.
  - **d** A tumour caused a woman to go blind in her left eye, although the eye still responded to light.
  - e Due to blood vessels dying in part of the brain, a girl's heart started to beat irregularly.
  - f A man developed dementia and gradually lost his memory.
- 4 A doctor specialising in the nervous system is called a neurologist. One of the standard tests that neurologists ask people to do is to reach up and then touch their noses. Explain what part of the brain they are examining in this test.
- 5 What are the names of the parts of the brain labelled A D in the diagram on the right?



## Extra challenge

6 Look at the diagram of the brain in question 5 again. Identify parts E and F and find out what they do.

Name		Class	Date
Progression (	questions		
Answer these quest	ions.		
1 What are the bra	ain and spinal cord made o	of?	
2 What are the ma	ain parts of the brain?		
3 What do some o	of the different parts of the	brain and spinal cord do	?
Now circle the faces	s in the 'Start' row in the ta	ble showing how confide	nt you are of your answers.
Question	1	2	3
Start			
Assessment			
	our, correct or add to your		ay need to use the back of this sheet or table.
Question	1	2	3
Check			
Feedback			
What will you do ne	xt? Tick one box.		
strengthen m	y learning	engthen then extend	extend
Note down any spec	cific areas you need to imp	prove.	
Action			
	ven another activity. After to a norther to a new areas.	his, note down any rema	aining areas you need to improve and